Order SQUATINIFORMES
Angel Sharks
Family SQUATINIDAE
Blainville 1816

Squatina
Duméril 1805

Squatina albipunctata
Last & White 2008

Squatina argentina
(Marini 1930)

Squatina australis
Regan 1906

Squatina caillieti
Walsh, Ebert & Compagno 2011

Squatina aculeata
Cuvier 1829

Squatina africana
Regan 1908

Squatina albipunctata
Last & White 2008

Squatina argentina
(Marini 1930)

Squatina armata
(Philippi 1887)

Squatina australis
Regan 1906

Squatina caillieti
Walsh, Ebert & Compagno 2011

Squatina californica Ayres 1859 -ica (L.), belonging to: California (USA), referring to type locality in San Francisco Bay

Squatina david Acero P., Tavera, Anguila & Hernández 2016 in honor of the first author’s son David (pronounced dahveed), who passed away 7 March 2011 [a noun in apposition, without the patronymic “i”]

Squatina dumeril Lesueur 1818 in honor of French zoologist André Marie Constant Duméril (1774–1860) “in testimony of [Lesueur’s] remembrance and esteem” (not in honor of Duméril’s equally famous zoologist son Auguste, born in 1812) [presumably a noun in apposition, without the patronymic “i”]

Squatina formosa Shen & Ting 1972 named for Formosa (Taiwan), type locality

Squatina guggenheim Marini 1936 in honor of the Guggenheim Institución (presumably the present-day John Simon Guggenheim Foundation), which apparently funded the “study trip” (translation) that led to the description of this species [presumably a noun in apposition without the genitive “i”]

Squatina japonica Bleeker 1858 -ica (L.), belonging to: Japan, referring to Nagasaki, type locality

Squatina legnota Last & White 2008 Greek for “with a colored border,” referring to the dark anterior edges of its pectoral and pelvic fins

Squatina mapama Long, Ebert, Tavera, Acero P. & Robertson 2021

Squatina squatum, name for angel sharks dating to Pliny the Elder, Latin synonym of the Greek rhinos, an ancient name for sharks, from rhinós (ῥινός), skin or hide of a beast, or rhinē (ῥίνη), rasp, both apparently alluding to a shark’s rasp-like skin; presumably tautonymous with Squalus squatina Linnaeus 1758 (no species mentioned)

The ETYFish Project

named for MAPAMA, the Ministerio de Agricultura y Pesca, Alimentación y Medio Ambiente, the Spanish governmental organization that operates the research vessel Miguel Oliver, for their support of the research cruises to Central and South America that facilitated the capture of this shark, and other new species of deepwater fishes on both sides of the Central American isthmus

*Squatina nebulosa* Regan 1906 Latin for cloudy or dark, referring to its brown-black marbled coloration

*Squatina occulta* Vooren & da Silva 1991 Latin for hidden or concealed, referring to its identity having remained hidden among a group of morphologically similar sympatric species

*Squatina oculata* Bonaparte 1840 Latin for eyed or having eyes, referring to the symmetrical ocelli seen on some specimens

*Squatina pseudocellata* Last & White 2008 pseudo-, from ἐἷδος (Gr. εἶδος), form or shape: described as “closely allied” to *S. tergocellata* but with a different color pattern, much longer tail, more numerous snout tubercles, and no medial series of dorsal tubercles

*Squatina varii* Vaz & Carvalho 2018 in honor of Richard P. Vari (1949–2016), National Museum of Natural History, Smithsonian Institution (Washington, D.C., USA), for his “outstanding” contributions to Neotropical ichthyology

*Squatina squatina* (Linnaeus 1758) from *squatum*, name for angel sharks dating to Pliny the Elder, Latin synonym of the Greek ρίνος, from ῥίνος (ῥίνος), skin or hide of a beast, or ῥίνη (ῥίνη), rasp, both apparently alluding to a shark’s rasp-like skin

*Squatina tergocellata* McCulloch 1914: tergum = X UIV ocellata (L.), having little eyes (ocelli), referring to dark-edged and dark-spotted ocelli on dorsal surface

*Squatina tergocellatoides* Chen 1963 -oides, Latinized suffix adopted from ἔιδος = X = W (L.) ocellata (L.), having little eyes (ocelli), referring to indistinct ocellate markings on pectoral fins